Carolina Observer.

VOL.—17.] FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1825. [NO. 433.

D PUBLISHED, EVERY THURSDAY,
EDWARD J. HALE,
s per annum, payable in advance.

MENTS inserted for 60 cents per st, and 30 cents for each succeed- Advertisers are requested to state ertions desired, or they will be con- orders, and charged accordingly. Editor must be post paid.

id Stephenson

to the Store, lately occupied by Snively & Co. on Hay Street, op- ette Hotel.
—32tf

liams & Fenn

ed to the Store, lately occupied by phenson, on Person Street, a few e Cape Fear Bank.
—32tf

. E. Lewis

to the Store, formerly occupied B. Salter, on Hay Street, adjoin- e Hotel.
—32tf

Dollars Reward.

from the Subscriber's Plantation on in June last, a negro man named t 40 years. He is a very large man, xion, and has no particular marks recollect. If Ben will come in and he will be forgiven: if he is taken l, or delivered to Frederick Moore, d will be given.
J. A. CAMERON.
Sept. 12—32-tf

Dollars Reward.

the United States of the 18th and om Charleston to Fayetteville, and Fayetteville to Charleston have The above reward will be paid to will communicate such informa- al to a discovery and conviction of . Two individuals are in confine- umstances calculated to excite a of their guilt. A considerable as been found in the possession of ny person who may have sent mo- able papers by either of the above will please forward a description his Office, as early as may be con-
JOHN MAC RAE, Postmaster.
Fayetteville, Aug. 6, 1825—27-tf

Synod of North Carolina

town of Greensborough, in the rd, on Wednesday the 5th day of
COLIN McIVER, Stated Clerk.
—31-3t

USHELS first quality Turk's Isl- nd SALT, stored in the Steam Boat ale, in quantities to suit purchasers,
JNO. HUSKE.
—31-tf

Lbs. of prime Barbadoes SUGAR, in barrels and half barrels.
reen Coffee.
heavy 42 inch Cotton Bagging.
c.
w England Rum.
ses.
s.
lackerel. *For sale by*
JNO. HUSKE.
—31-tf

10 Reward.

a certain young man by the name *EPH N. KING*, of Cumberland rged with having committed the , and was arrested by me in this custody on the 6th of August last. will make his way to Alabama, per- hbourhood of Cahawba. The above given to any one who will secure the Goal in the town of Fayette- ative of this county, about twenty oyid complexion, and weighs about fifty.
JOHN BLACK,
Sheriff of Cumberland County.
1825—31-3t

F NORTH CAROLINA,

MOORE COUNTY.
s and Quarter Sessions, Au- ust Term, 1825.

n, } Original Attachment. Levi- n. } ed on 400 acres of Land, &c.

hat publication be made in the Ca- ver for two months, that unless the r on or before the first day of the Court, to be held on the third mber next, at the Court House in y and plead to issue, judgment final against him, agreeably to the plain- d the said land ordered to be sold e.
CORN. DOWD, Clk.
25—31-9t

er has authorised EDWARD L. WINS- ect all sums of money due the late low & Huske, and to grant dischar-
O. HUSKE, *Surviving Partner.*
—10-tf

Notice.

rship heretofore existing between meron and James Townes, under of Cameron & Townes, being dis- he effects of said concern having trust to the subscribers, for pur- pressed—
notice, to all indebted to said con- ward as soon as possible and pay alances to either of the subscribers, uthorised to receive and grant re- ne.
WM. CAMERON,
JOHN M. DOBBIN,
and Attorneys for the late firm of Cameron & Townes.
25.—6-tf

sements, communications, &c. f the Observer, may be left at , when it is inconvenient to he Observer office.

Selling off at Cost.

MRS. PERRY is now selling at cost, her stock in trade; consisting of a large assortment of Crockery Ware, best quality of Liverpool Salt, Groceries, Bacon, Dry Goods, &c. &c. &c.

Private families will find it much to their advantage to call at her store, corner of Mr. Eccles' Mill.

Fayetteville, 2d Aug. 1825.—'26tf

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, in Richmond county, N. C. while on his way to his residence in Alabama, on the morning of the 27th inst. three Negro Men, named *LUKE, SANDY* and *BILLY.*

Luke is 24 years of age, 6 feet high, yellow complexion, has lost a lower fore tooth, had on a tarpauling hat, yellow mixed domestic cloth short jacket, black waistcoat and blue striped trowsers.

Sandy is a mulatto, 28 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, wore a fur hat, much worn, dark mixed northern homespun short jacket, blue striped homespun trowsers.

Billy is very black, about 27 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high; speaks quick, wore a blue cloth short jacket, check shirt, blue homespun trowsers.

The above reward will be given for the apprehension of these negroes, and their confinement in jail, so that the subscriber may regain them, or ten dollars will be given for securing either of them.

Any information respecting them will be received at the Post Office, Fayetteville, by THOMAS MOULTON, at Kenansville, N. C. or by
WILLIAM PEACOCK,
Montgomery, Alabama.
August 29, 1825—30tf

Notice.

I HAVE fully empowered Mr. Robert T. Goodwin to act as my Attorney, during my absence.
WM. H. MAFFETT.
Fayetteville, August 20, 1825.—29tf

THE following is a description of Bank notes found in the possession of one of the individuals lately taken up in this place for a robbery of the mail. They were no doubt (as they are acknowledged to have been) taken clandestinely from the mail.

$50 State Bank N. C. letter A. No. 735, payable to John Louis Taylor, Raleigh, 14 July, 1814.

50 Bank of Cape Fear, F. 355, —— Orr, Wilmington, 8 Nov. 1805.

50 State Bank N. C. A. 65, H. Kelly, Raleigh, 2 July, 1813.

20 Bank Cape Fear, 245, J. Neate, Wilmington, 1 February, 1808.

20 State Bank N. C. B. payable to W. B. Grove, Raleigh, 14 July, 1814.

20 do. do. A. 83, W. Boylan, Raleigh, 5 Nov. 1811.

20 do. do. B. 626, John Steele, Raleigh, 18 Oct. 1812.

20 do do. A. 146, John F Smith, Raleigh, 2 July, 1813.

20 Bank Cape Fear, G. 423, C. Law, Wilmington, 3 Jan. 1824.

20 State Bank N. C. B. 478, W. B. Grove, Raleigh, 2 July, 1813.

20 do. do. B. 215, H. Kelly, Raleigh, 22 February, 1813.

20 Bank U. States, A. 334, John C. Faber, Philadelphia, 1 February, 1817.

10 Bank of the State of South Carolina, A. 24, D. C. Webb, Charleston, 17 Oct. 1822.

10 State Bank N. C. E. 2457, J. Haywood, Raleigh, January, 1814.

10 do. do. D. 1801, John F. Smith, Raleigh, 7 April, 1813.

10 do. do. E 3850, Daniel Du Prec, Raleigh, 25 Dec. 1815.

10 U. S. Bank, Y. 3096, J. Hunter, Philadelphia, 30 September, 1812.

10 Bank Cape Fear, H. 513, J. Lee, Wilmington, 9 Nov. 1815.

10 Bank Cape Fear, G. 1545, J. Titus, Wilmington, 9 Nov. 1815.

10 Bank of Newbern, D. 2 July, 1815.

10 do. do. B. 1455, W. Ward, Newbern, 2 July, 1815.

10 Bank Cape Fear, G. 272, J. W. Wright, Wilmington, 3 January, 1818.

10 Bank of the State of South Carolina, D. 40, T. Lehre, Charleston, 8 Oct. 1822.

10 U. S. Bank, E. 1118, B. Richardson, 6 May, 1817.

10 State Bank N. C. F. 1190, J. L. Taylor, Raleigh, 2 July, 1813.

10 Bank U. S. T. 242, J. W. M'Cullough, Philahelphia, 6 March, 1819.

10 Bank of Cape Fear, F. 658, J. Hope, Wilmington, 1 July, 1817.

5 Bank of the State of South Carolina, F. 61, J. B. Furman, Charleston, 20 May, 1823.

5 State Bank of N. C. G. 301, H. Potter, Raleigh, 9 Oct. 1813. (*Counterfeit.*)

5 Bank of Cape Fear, G. G. 108, Wilmington.

5 State Bank N. C. H. 4508, J. Steel, Raleigh, 8 April, 1814.

5 Bank of Newbern, C. 921, J. Ellis, Newbern, 2 July, 1819.

5 Bank of Cape Fear, F. F. 134, E. Post, Wilmington, 1 January, 1824.

5 Bank of Newbern, B. 68, W. Ward, Newbern, 7 Oct. 1815.

5 Bank of Cape Fear, B. 89, J. M'Millan, Wilmington, 1 January, 1815.

5 do.do. B. 288, — Hare, Wilmington, 1 January, 1814.

4 do. do. G. 95, S. Guy, Wilmington, 1 March, 1824.

4 Bank of Newbern, B. 143, A. Henderson, Newbern, 3 June 1815.

4 do. do. E. 557, R. Epps, Newbern, 10 March, 1816.

3 Bank of Cape Fear, F. 244, J. Cox, Wilmington, 1 January, 1818.

3 Bank of Newbern, A. 562, R. Epps, 10 March, 1816.

3 Bank of Cape Fear, A. 48, J. James, 9 June, 1815.

2 Bank of Newbern, B. 838, J. Sneed, 6 May, 1824.

2 Bank of Cape Fear, G. G. 477, E. Watt, 1 March, 1823.

2 do. do. G. G. 143, C. Stone, 4 July, 1823.

2 do. do. G. G. 126, J. Hall, 9 November, 1815.

2 do. do.

2 Bank of Newbern, C. 149, B. Yancey, 9 April, 1810.

2 Bank of the State of Georgia, 348, J. P. Henry, 17 June, 1823.

Any person who may be able to identify any one or more of these bills, and who can testify to their having been sent by the mail at the time of the robbery, will render the public an essential service by making it known.

Address any communication upon the subject to
JOHN MAC RAE, P. M.
Fayetteville.
August 30, 1825—30-6t

Notice.

I SHALL leave this place for the North, on the 15th inst. and my Notes and Accounts will be left in the hands of T. T. Stanley, who is duly authorised to transact business for me, during my absence.
G. NELSON.
August 10, 1825.—27-tf.

Runaway.

A FEW days ago *SAM*, and *SILVA* his wife, ran- away from the subscriber. Sam, 23 years of age, is of common stature, face quite black, and is apt to smile when he is spoken to. Silva, 27 years of age, is not tall, but corpulent. They went off at the same time and are probably together; they carried the chief part of their clothes; Sam had a coat of green baize. Whoever will apprehend them and give information thereof, will be well rewarded by their owners, who reside in the western extremity of Moore county, N. C.
RODERICK McAULEY,
KENNETH CLARKE.
August 21, 1825—30tf

NOTICE.

ON Saturday, the 24th day of September next, will be sold to the highest bidder, at the Town House in Fayetteville, between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock, that convenient and well situated tenement, on the south side of Maiden Lane, now in the occupation of Daniel Baker.—The lot is fifty-four by one hundred and three feet, on which is a comfortable dwelling house, together with out houses and garden. The situation is healthy, and in a very pleasant neighbourhood. At least six months credit will be given the purchaser. Further particulars made known on the day of sale.
THOMAS DAVIS,
JOHN B. JOHNSON.
August 31, 1825—30-4t

Notice.

THE subscribers having qualified at the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, for the county of Chatham, August Term, 1825, as executors of the last will and testament of Mrs. Deborah Dubrutz, deceased, do hereby notify all those indebted to the estate of said deceased to come forward, and make immediate payment of the same—and those having claims against said estate, to present them properly authenticated, according to the provisions of an act of Assembly, passed in the year 1789, or said act will be plead in bar of recovery.
JOHN CRUSOE, } *Ex'rs.*
CHAS. B. JONES, }
Fayetteville, August 15, 1825

Further Notice.

ON Thursday, the 20th day of October next, will be sold at the late residence of Mrs. Deborah Dubrutz, dec. Mount Alexander, Chatham county, a quantity of Corn and Fodder; about fifty head of Cattle, eleven Horses, eighty head of Hogs, two Wagons, three Carts, all the Farming Utensils, and sundry articles of Household Furniture, &c.—Terms of sale—six months credit, purchasers giving bonds with approved security.
JOHN CRUSOE, } *Ex'rs.*
CHAS. B. JONES, }
August 15, 1825—28-tf

Hay Mount School.

THE Exercises of this School will be resumed on Friday the first of July, the present week.—Having engaged Mrs. UNTHANK as an Assistant in the government and instruction of the School, the subscriber flatters himself, that, by their attention and assiduity to the improvement of those committed to their charge, to be enabled to deserve the continuance of public patronage. Terms as heretofore.
F. A. MORELL.
Fayetteville, June 29th, 1825.—21-tf

Negroes for Sale.

SOME valuable negroes for sale, on moderate terms, for cash. For particulars apply to Mr. Martin M'Pherson, sen.
February 2nd—100-tf

GARDEN SEED.

THE subscriber has just received at his Book Store, on consignment, a general assortment of GARDEN SEED.
JAS. HADLOCK.
Fayetteville, Nov. 4, 1824—387tf.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

ANSON COUNTY.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, July Term, 1825.

The President and Directors of the State Bank of North Carolina. *vs.* Boyd and Brame. } Original attachment, Ingoe D. Cash summoned as garnishee.

IT having been made appear to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendants reside beyond the limits of the State: *It is therefore ordered by the court*, That advertisement be made in the Fayetteville "Carolina Observer," for three months, that unless the defendants come forward on or before the next term of this court, to be held for the county of Anson, at the court house in Wadesborough, on the second Monday in October next, and replevy and plead, that the property levied on shall be condemned to plaintiffs' recovery.
W. DISMUKES, *Clk.*

Removal.

THE subscriber informs his friends, and the public in general, that he has removed to the Stand, formerly occupied by Mr. John McArn, on Person Street, a few doors East of the Cape-Fear Bank, and directly opposite to Messrs. Williams & Fenn's. Where he offers for sale at reduced prices—gentlemen's and ladies' Saddles and Bridles, plated and common Harness; together with a general assortment in his line, either at Wholesale or Retail. All orders from the country, shall be promptly attended to, and repairing done at the shortest notice. G. W. McDONALD.
Fayetteville, Aug. 4, 1825—26tf.

From the Port Folio of a Strolling Gentleman.

ROBERT EMMET.

"How sleep the brave who sink to rest,
With all their country's honors blest."

"Poor Emmet" we exclaim, as we lay down his trial, and acquaint ourselves with the martyrdom of this unfortunate Irishman. Born in affluence and of highly respectable parents, he was destined for the law, together with his affectionate brother, the present highly distinguished advocate at the New York bar; but warmed with an ardent zeal for his beloved country, which was then suffering under the persecuting spirit of British hirelings, he forsook the law and joined the society of United Irishmen, and shortly became the leader of that powerful body of patriots, who had sworn to protect the home and firesides of an oppressed people and expel tyranny from the land. Our hero, besides the two Spears, and a few others, who were filled with indignation, and whose hearts burned with the holy flame of patriotism, determined to avenge the wrongs inflicted on an innocent and injured people, became the rallying point of what the royalists then termed the *rebels* of Ireland. Companies were formed, ammunition provided, and officers appointed to command this force, which, under a divine Providence, they intended should unrivet the chains which had bound them so long in ignonimous slavery, and Ireland be proclaimed a free and independent nation; but "the fates decreed it otherwise;" dissatisfaction and disunion reared their Hydra heads; treachery and treason stalked forth uncovered from the ranks, and the intrigue which British gold effected, soon disarmed this noble band of the terrors, with which old England viewed it, and "*suave quiput*," as on a later and more inglorious occasion, became the watch word. Of course all who had assisted in this affair, and the cause in which these unfortunate men were engaged, were stimatized as traitors conspiring to overturn the government, and the strong arm of law was raised to punish the conspirators and abettors. Young Emmet, then but twenty-one years of age, was arrested and confined in prison, until the day of trial; during which, we venture to assert, the Four Courts never witnessed more excitement in the breast of an injured though enlightened people, nor never were the feelings of the heart more aroused than on this occasion. The insulting and impertinent interference of the court during the trial, and more particularly when he delivered his dying speech after the judgment had been pronounced, must have harrowed his very soul. Hundreds who have taken shelter under our blessed government, were witnesses to this last effort of expiring greatness; and when he closed the outpouring of a heart, burning with *amor patria*, and which had been devoted to the sacred cause of ameliorating the condition of his fellow countrymen, with that sublime exclamation, "When my country takes her place among the nations of the earth, then, and not till then, let my epitaph be written," every cheek was bedewed with the soft tear of sympathy.

A strange union of tenderness, enthusiasm, and fortitude, was the characteristic of young Emmet. He was violently in love with the daughter of Mr. Curran, his able advocate and defender. The day previous to his trial, he was observed by his keeper, gazing steadfastly on a tress of hair, suspended over his table on a fork. On the keeper's approaching him, he said, "See how innocently I am engaged—this little tress has long been dear to me; and this I shall wear in my bosom the day of my execution." What love and tenderness for the object of his affection! On the day of that awful event, there was found sketched on his table with a pen, an admirable likeness of his own head, severed from the body, laying near the scaffold, with all the frightful paraphernalia of high treason execution. The fortitude of young Emmet, during his daring conspiracy, during his trial, as well as in prison, never forsook him. He met death with the fortitude and firmness of a John Rodgers.—He lived a hero and he died a martyr. The freedom of his darling country from the shackles of despotism, the enjoyment of liberty of conscience, and the release from oppressive burdens of his fellow citizens, was his highest wish. The greatest consolation during affliction, was, that he had done his duty to his country and his God. Such is the brief memoir of this champion of freedom, who sacrificed his time, his talent, and eventually sacrificed his life, as a propitiation for the crime of wishing his country free. He has now gone to the land of spirits, and his virtues will endure to immortality.

"Nations unborn will celebrate his name,
And stamp his memory on the page of fame."

A Noble Action.—Soon after the crew of the Ocean, lost near Valparaiso, were received on board the United States, Com. Hull, a subscription was commenced among the officers and crew of that frigate, and in a short time about five hundred dollars were subscribed, which, with a large quantity of clothing, were generously distributed among the shipwrecked and destitute seamen Such noble conduct cannot be too highly commended: it is worthy the gallant tars of a prosperous nation.

Adulteration of Bread.—The practice of adulterating bread appears, by the London papers, to have existed there to an extent far beyond any thing that could be conceived. Complaints having been made at the Mansion House on the subject, a long investigation took place, which resulted in the conviction of a flour dealer, who was fined 10,000l. sterling. A professional gentleman stated that he had been engaged incessantly, from the 5th of September till the 28th of February, by direction of the Lords of the admiralty, in analyzing 1467 sacks of flour, which were lying in warehouses at Hull, and such pernicious stuff he had never seen in the whole course of his experience. [He had been 22 years in Apothecaries' hall.] He had taken a sample from each sack, and in some he found that upwards of a third was plaster of Paris and ground bones, two of the most abominable ingredients, and which the stomach neither of man nor beast is capable of digesting. He had sent samples of this hopeful flour (which had, indeed, a very trifling portion of flour in it) to the Lords of the Admiralty, baked, and in several of its processes, and never was seen any thing more frightful. It was, as a loaf, almost as black as jet, and to cut it in pieces would require a hatchet. The same gentleman informed the Mayor that he had lately analyzed some Souchong tea, and found that there was 25 per cent. of lead ore in it.—*N. Y. E. P.*

From the Georgia Missionary, of Aug. 15.

A few days since, we witnessed an incident of an alarming character, though of frequent occurrence. The carriage driver of a lady from Alabama, was, together with one of the horses, struck to the ground by lightning. The boy did not exhibit any signs of life—the horse was seen to wink a few times; but did not move. Happily, some of the ladies in company had presence of mind sufficient to order some one to blow into the boy's mouth, and as soon as his lungs were inflated, he breathed. This, though apparently a ludicrous and trifling thing, was certainly the means, together with friction, of restoring the boy to life. He was struck on the side of his head, his hat was torn to pieces, and his neck, side, and leg, blistered, and the toe of his shoe completely burst out. No doubt had the horse's lungs been also inflated, that both might have lived, for the horse certainly evinced more signs of life immediately after the accident, than the boy. As occurrences of this kind frequently happen, people will do well to remember this remedy, as it affords the only chance of restoring life. The air should be thrown in by a small pair of bellows instead of the mouth, as it is then pure, and has never undergone any change in the respiratory organs to unfit it for the purposes of life.

The Post-Boy.—Dr. Rodger Long, the famous astronomer, walking one dark evening with Mr. Bonfoy, in Cambridge, and the latter coming to a short *post* fixed in the pavement, which in the earnestness of conversation he took to be a boy standing in his way, said hastily, 'Get out of my way, boy!' 'That boy, Sir,' said the doctor very drily, 'is a *post boy*, who never turns out of his way for any body.'

Anecdote.—A military officer, of diminutive stature, was lately drilling an Irishman considerably above six feet in height. 'Hold up your head,' said the officer, elevating the chin of the Irishman with the head of his cane, to an angle of nearly forty-five degrees; "Hold up your head so, and throw your eyes somewhat to the right, thus."—"And must I always do so, my noble captain?" asked the recruit, with much apparent simplicity. "Yes, always," answered the officer. "Then fare you well, my dear little fellow," rejoined Paddy, "I shall never see you more."

The Scotch are a very inquisitive people. Their various questions are deemed obtrusive, and are carried to a great length.—Two gentlemen fell in together, both travellers on horseback, and strangers to each other, when the following conversation took place:—'Raw evening, sir, rather,' observed the one, with an Aberdeen accent: 'Yes, rather,' replied the other. 'You will likely be a stranger in these parts,' continued the Aberdeenian: 'If I can,' laconically replied the other, looking neither to the right hand nor to the left. 'Perhaps, like myself, you may be going to Banff?' 'Perhaps,' responded the other, yawning. 'In that case, perhaps, you will put up at Cullen?' 'I may, or I may not,' answered his companion. 'Pardon me the liberty of the question, sir, may I ask if you are a bachelor?' 'No.' 'Oh! married?' 'No, no.' 'Sir, I beg your pardon, I may have unintentionally touched upon a painful subject; your black dress ought to have checked my inquiries; I beg your pardon, sir—a widower?' 'No, no, no.' 'Neither a bachelor, nor married man, nor widower; in Heaven's name, sir, then, what can you be?' 'A *divorced* man, Sir, since you must know!' exclaimed the stranger, clapping spurs to his horse, and dashing out of his sight in an instant.—*London Courier.*

Gravel.—A Mr. John Neilson of Stillwater has published an account of his having been relieved from the gravel by the free use of new cider from the press; and when not to be had, boiled cider.

FOREIGN.

FROM EUROPE.

A slip from the office of the N. York Evening Post, dated Sept. 10, contains the following:

Half past two o'clock.—A pilot boat has just come up from the packet ship John Wells, and has brought us our files of Liverpool papers to the 10th of Aug. inclusive.

We have only time to give the following extract from our correspondent's letter:

LIVERPOOL, AUG. 10.

The failure of an eminent commercial house, in consequence of the great fall in the price of cotton, and the fear that other houses may fail from the same cause, have thrown a considerable degree of gloom over the town, at the period of the departure of the John Wells.

By the arrival at Boston of the fast sailing packet ship Amethyst. Captain Bussey, from Liverpool, papers of that place to the 11th and London papers to the 9th ult. have been received. We have made a brief summary of the most interesting of their contents.—Serious consequences appear to have ensued from the speculating mania which has raged in England to such great extent, as will be seen by the annexed letter.

Extract of a letter from a highly respectable house, *dated*

Liverpool, Aug. 10, 1825.

"We regret to advise the failure of two houses here, extensively engaged in the American trade, and which has again completely damped the Cotton market. The sales of the three days of this week have been 3400 bales, but the greater portion were previous to the failures, and to-day very few sales have been made.—4500 bales of American Cotton, part of the stock of one of the houses alluded to, are announced for auction two days hence, and in addition, 1000 Uplands are to be offered by others. We may quote nominally to-day, Uplands from 8¼ to 11¼d; Orleans, 9 a 12 ½; Alabama, Mobile and Tennessee, 8 a 11¼. The import into the kingdom to the 5th inst. is 551,500 bales, against 396,000 bales in the same time last year. When money is more plentiful and confidence more restored, we may have a more regular market, but at present, other articles, as well as Cotton, are affected by the distrust which prevails. The state of business in Manchester also is very unfavorable, similar events being apprehended there, and we hardly ever had to notice so much commercial distress in the American trade as we have seen of late.

The King of France is said to be very melancholy, caused by his increasing deafness and the embarrassment in which his minister, *Villele*, finds himself involved. The opponents of the present ministry speak of the appointment of a new one, to be composed of all the heads of the anti-ministerial parties of both Chambers. A Hydra indeed!

The war tobacco-duty having been neglected to be renewed, the duty is now only 3s. instead of 4s. per lb.

A *bearded* Comet was seen from Brighton on the first of August.

The Plague is raging furiously in Egypt.

Combinations of workmen become more numerous and alarming in England. Some of the Editors predict that the combinations will produce a Revolution.

A gentleman having been advised to speculate in the article of hops, laid out 70,000l. in that commodity which he resold for 210,000l.

The debts of the first house that stopped payment in Liverpool in consequence of the cotton speculation, amount to upwards of 100,000 pounds sterling.

New York, September 13.

The packet ship Florida, Captain Tinkham, arrived here yesterday from Liverpool, whence she sailed on the 16th of August. The editors of the New York Daily Advertiser have received their files of London papers to the 12th of that month, Liverpool to the day of sailing, and are also indebted to Captain Tinkham for a file of the latest.

The Greeks.—The Greeks, according to our last accounts, had suffered the loss of Calamata and Tripolizza, besides a large extent of country ravaged by their barbarous enemy. We are happy to learn however, that a termination has been put to the progress of the Egyptians, at Napoli di Romania, where Ypsilanti made a bold and successful resistance. The force of Ibrahim Pacha amounted to 5000 infantry and 6 or 700 cavalry, while the Greek garrison was very small. The battle continued from 5 A. M. till 8 P. M. when the Egyptians were obliged to return.

It was believed that they would soon be forced to return by the want of provisions, as they had burned Argos and ravaged the valleys of Modon, Calamata, and Leonduri, as well as the beautiful plain in its vicinity, which was covered with olive trees. It was impossible for him to undertake the seige of Napoli, as they brought neither cannon, provisions nor ammunition; and if they had remained a little time at their encampment, the Greeks would have had time to cut off his retreat by the defiles of Corinth or Tripolizza. They therefore were obliged to abandon their designs of seizing that fortress, which would have given them extensive controul over the country, and according to subsequent advices were returning the way they had come across the Peloponnesus, by the way of Tripolizza, pursued by the Greek guerillas.

Still later accounts received at Paris represent the condition of the Egyptians as dangerous in the extreme. They had stopped at Tripolizza on their return, a city nearly in the centre of the Morea, where Colocotroni was concentrating his force amounting already to about 20,000 men, and would in all probability soon execute vengeance on the barbarous invaders of his country. The most lively interest was of course felt by the friends of Greece in his success, and the next intelligence looked for with the deepest anxiety. The destruction of this Egyptian expedition now appears inevitable; and as they have been uniformly unsuccessful this season at sea, we hope soon to hear of the campaign terminating with triumph to the Greeks.

Verbal reports had been received at Leghorn on the 11th of August, of the capture of Ibrahim Pacha. The accounts were brought by the masters of two vessels, one of whom had spoken a Greek man of war and been told that the Turkish chief was carried to Hydra. The other came from Cyprus, where he said the rumour of his capture was current.

Conspiracy at Hayti.—Letters from Cape Hayti state that a conspiracy had been discovered which had been set on foot amongst some of Christophe's old Generals. The discovery was made as the fashionables of the city were assembling at a grand ball given in celebration of the acknowledgment of their independence, and excited much alarm. Nothing serious, however, occurred. The prominent characters in the conspiracy were secured. One of them, a Gen. Toussant, shot himself.—*Nor. Her.*

In the Criminal Court at Wexford, on Tuesday Week, the gravity of the spectators was disturbed by a curious expression used by a culprit, who, on being sentenced to sever years transportation, audaciously exclaimed to the Judge (Johnson)—"Well, my lord, when I come back I shall bring you a monkey to scratch your wig.

London paper.

A Clergyman for sale.—In an auction advertisement in the Yorkshire Gazette, the following are offered to the highest bidder at the Tiger Inn, Beverly:—A most excellent Freehold and Tithe-free Farm, also the Perpetual nomination to the Church of North Dalton, worth upwards of 70*l.* a year, also the present incumbent, aged 36 years."

Ib.

We have seen it stated the propagation of American shrubs and trees is carried to considerable extent in England. Cobbett, who is a nursery-man and horticulturist as well as politician, has written a letter to Dr. Mitchill, in which he states that he has sold about three hundred thousand trees raised from American seed; and has in his nursery not less than a million coming from the same source.

Gesner would persuade us that many fish sleep, but this does not seem to be the fact, for this race of animals can have no eye brows, nor any membrane to close and cover their eyes with, as other creatures have to whom nature has allowed sleep.

The Sleep of Plants.—The common chickweed, with white blossoms, affords a notable instance of what is called the sleep of plants, for every night the leaves approach in pairs, so as to include within their upper surface the tender rudiments of the new shoots, while the uppermost pair but one at the end of the stalk are furnished with longer leaf stalks than the others, so that they close on the terminating pair, and protect the end of the branch.

Increase of Height at Rising.—The cartilages between the vertebræ of the backbone, 24 in number, yield considerably to the pressure of the body in an erect posture, and expand themselves during the repose of the night; hence a person is considerably taller at his rising in the morning than at night. The difference in some amounts to so much as one inch; and recruits who have passed muster for soldiers in the morning, have been rejected when remeasured at night, as below the standard.

Large Timber Ship.—The Baron of Renfrew got under way from her anchorage ground in the river St. Lawrence opposite the falls of Montmorency, on the 23d of August, in tow of the steam boat Hercules. The tide was strong against her, but the wind was favorable; and with the aid of her canvass and the tow-boat she made good way. She is a ship of handsome model; is 5800 tons burthen, has four masts and a flush deck fore and aft. Nine times around her is a mile. She is loaded entirely with staves, boards, plank, and logs, and is literally one solid raft of timber of immense size. She is coarsely built, but her strength appears to be equal to the task she is intended to perform. Her iron cable, one would imagine, was made to chain up the world.—*N. Y. Post.*

It is said that an argument is to be addressed *to the eye* of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, at their next session, as well as to the ear, in favor of Internal Improvements.

It is intended to make a railway of 1000 yards in length, on the Capitol Hill, before the next session, and a locomotive engine is now constructing to be exhibited in operation thereon.—*Freeman's Journal.*

Three things only are well done in haste; flying from the plague, escaping quarrels, and catching fleas.

Map of North Carolina.

THIS desirable Work, which has been unavoidably delayed, is now progressing, and will probably be completed in the course of the ensuing winter. Those gentlemen who have been kind enough to undertake the correction of the Maps of their respective counties, and who have not yet found it convenient to do so, are respectfully solicited to give the matter a moment of their attention as soon as may be convenient.

From the specimens of correctness which those Maps that have been received in most instances afford, the public may be assured that a more correct Map of the State will be obtained by the means pursued than by any other that could have been adopted. In many instances entire Maps of the different counties have been made out with great labour, and no doubt with as much accuracy.

To those gentlemen from whom the corrected Maps have been received, the subscriber begs leave to return his grateful acknowledgments.

JOHN MAC RAE.

Fayetteville, Sept. 20, 1825—33tf

BANK OF THE UNITED STATES.

At the triennial meeting of the stockholders of the Bank of the United States, held at the banking house in Philadelphia, on Thursday the first of September 1825, JOHN DONNELL, Esq. of Baltimore, was appointed Chairman, and C. J. INGERSOLL, Esq. of Philadelphia, Secretary.

Mr. BIDDLE, the president of the Bank, in conformity to the charter, laid before the stockholders, for their information, an exact and particular statement of the debts which remained unpaid after the expiration of the original credit for a period of treble the term of that credit, and of the surplus of profits, after deducting losses and dividends. After performing this duty, Mr. Biddle gave the meeting a full and particular account of the affairs of the institution, its operations since the last triennel meeting, its present resources and liabilities, and its future prospects; for all which he referred to documents placed upon the table, including a tabular statement of the concerns of the Bank from its commencement to the present day.

The following resolution was thereupon moved by Matthew Carey, Esq. seconded by H. Binney, Esq. and unanimously carried:

Resolved, That the thanks of the stockholders be presented to the President and Directors of this Institution, for their able, faithful, and successful administration of its affairs, so satisfactorily developed in the luminous statement of the President.

The following resolution was then moved and adopted:

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the Chairman and Secretary and published.

JOHN DONNELL, Chairman.

C. J. INGERSOLL, Secretary.

Mr. BINNEY remarked, that in seconding the motion for a vote of thanks to the President and Directors of the Bank of the United States, he would take the liberty of briefly stating his reasons for it. From the papers on the table and from the lucid exposition of the affairs of the Bank by the President, it was obvious that the profits of the institution had materially increased since the last triennial meeting of the Stockholders, and he conceived this to be in a principal degree the effect of measures of the Bank which had for their object the augmented circulation of its notes, the increase of private deposits, and the extensive purchase of domestic exchange in which a part of this circulation was beneficially employed in the southern and western parts of the Union. The result, it appeared to him, was that the Bank was now possessed in its circulation and private deposits of a sum exceeding by more than seven millions the amount of those items at the last triennial meeting; and from this and other circumstances, it was easy to deduce the increase of from three to five hundred thousand dollars in its annual nett profits. The subject was moreover to be regarded in its aspect towards the country at large; for by pursuing the policy which had led to the result just stated, so beneficial to the stockholders, the bank had discharged its public duty by promoting the interests of the community at large; and the consequence was, in addition to the increase of profits, an increase of good will through the country, which had been conciliated by the facilities furnished to it in the transaction of its business. Upon these grounds, he cordially seconded the motion which gave the thanks of the stockholders to the administration of the Bank, as one that had been able, faithful and successful.—*Nat. Gaz.*

FROM THE DEMOCRATIC PRESS.

We understand that at the exhibition made at the triennial meeting of the Stockholders, the President occupied upwards of an hour in a detailed statement of the concerns of the Bank, displaying, as respects himself personally, a most accurate, comprehensive, and masterly familiarity with the subject. From the whole account, we gathered the following important particulars respecting the funds:

Funded debt of the United States,	$26,566,000
Discounts of notes on bills of exchange,	33,155,000
Funds in London,	877,000
Mortgages,	133,000
Notes of State Banks,	1,294,000
Due from State Banks	582,000
Smith & Buchanan, Williams & McCulloch,	908,000
Real estate,	1,436,000
Banking houses,	1,011,000
Specie,	4,300,000
Total,	64,262,000
Liabilities of all kinds, including capital and the whole circulation,	59,991,000
Leaving a balance of	4,271,000

It appears that, within the last three years, the investments in funded debt, have increased by a sum of $9,543,000.

The discount on notes and domestic bills has increased between two and three millions; besides which, there has been a large addition to the real estate.

The debt of 1,292,000 dollars, due in Europe, has been paid off, and the European correspondents of the bank have now in hand a considerable sum, as above stated, to the credit of the Bank.

The circulation, during the last three years, has more than doubled, being now upwards of nine millions and a half.

A corresponding and large increase has taken place in the private deposites, amounting to between two and three millions.

The surplus profits amount now to 553,000 dollars.

On this encouraging view of the flourishing situation of this important public institution, there appeared to be among the Stockholders a sentiment of strong and universal satisfaction.

Blanks for sale here,
And Printing, gencrally, executed.

GENERAL LAFAYETTE.

The following beautiful description of a very interesting incident is copied from a letter to the Editor of the National Journal, giving an account of a trip to the Brandywine Frigate, in company with Gen. Lafayette. The party had just left the General, on their return to Washington City, in the Steam boat Mount Vernon:

"When about ten miles from the Brandywine, the clouds began to disperse from the west, and occasional gleams from the now retiring sun broke upon the misty atmosphere. In a moment, there spanned the Heavens, in our rear, a most beautiful and perfectly defined bow. Its bases resting upon the Virginia and Maryland shores, which are seven miles apart at that place, exactly upon a line with the Brandywine, she being *directly*, to our eye, beneath the *centre* of the arch! It was a spectacle more lovely than I have language to give you any adequate conception of. It was the evening of the last day that Lafayette was to be within our waters, and (as the wind of this morning makes pretty certain,) within sight of our shores. What a finish did the elements make! The Sun himself employed as the great artist of the scene. The mists, and retiring, and retired clouds, his materials. He had but to dart forth his rays, and the arch was perfect. It was destined to be the last arch under which he was to pass in his beloved America. How superior to all the rest. What a canopy, what a glory!——But I will leave it for poetry to refine upon; or take, myself, a moment of more pleasure to *attempt* its better illustration."

The last we hear of the Brandywine, and her inestimable passenger, is by the pilot, who left her at 3 o'clock P. M. on the 9th inst., nine miles without the Capes of Virginia, with a fine breeze from the north. All well.

In mentioning the incidents connected with the last days spent by General LAFAYETTE in this city, we should have earlier noticed the following.

On the birth day of the General, two donations were presented to him in the drawing room of the President, and in presence of the large and distinguished assemblage of gentlemen who had been invited by the President to dinner that day.

The first was a miniature portrait of Colonel HUGER, of South Carolina, the gallant American who, in conjuction with Dr. Bollman, attempted the liberation of Lafayette from the dungeons of Olmutz.—The miniature was presented to him by the City of Charleston. It is of the larger size, most superbly set in gold and gems, with a suitable inscription, and was transmitted by the hands of Mr. Prioleau, of Charleston.

The second donation was the splendid volume presented by the city of New York, of the addresses, &c. of the city, the General's answers, the resolution of Congress, the President's invitation, &c. &c. We had seen this work mentioned in the New York papers, but had no idea it was so worthy of admiration. The volume is a large folio, superbly bound, and the penmanship and decorations most beautiful.—It was brought on by Messrs. *Cowdery* and *Morton*, and presented to the General, accompanied by a handsome address, on the part of the city of New York, by the former gentleman.—*Nat. Int.*

Washington, September 14.

The United States' Frigate *Constellation*, Captain Woolsey, and bearing the flag of Commodore Warrington, arrived in Hampton Roads on Monday morning—twelve days from the coast of Cuba.

We learn from Lieut. Hall, of the Marines, who came up with despatches from the Commodore, that the fever has prevailed to considerable extent on board the Constellation. About a hundred cases have occurred, most of which, however, were of mild character. Midshipman Beckham died of this disease on the passage home.

We are glad to hear, by Lieut. Hall, that there has been no recent instance of Piracy heard of, and that it appears, for the present, to be entirely suppressed.—*Nat. Int.*

U. S. Ship Constellation,
Off Havana, Aug. 29th, 1825.

SIR: To enable you to ascertain what exertions have been made by, and what success has attended the efforts of the squadron under my command, I forward by this conveyance, a copy of all the reports made by the different commanders of its cruisers. If Pirates are now, or have been, in force lately on either side of Cuba, they have not only abstained from making captures, but have concealed themselves so effectually as to prevent detection. The orderly conduct of the fishermen on the coast, the steady pursuit of their occupation, and the absence of all suspicious persons, induce a belief that these outlaws are not at present collected in any force. I shall, however, keep a watchful eye on the Island, and prevent, if possible, the commission of depredations which may be attempted under a belief that we are relying too much on appearances.

I am, with great respect, your obdt. servt.

L. WARRINGTON.

To the Hon. Secretary of the Navy, Washington.

Notice.

THE Lottery and Exchange Business heretofore conducted in Baltimore, under the firm of *J. I. Cohen Jr.*—in Richmond and Norfolk under the firm of *P. I. & M. I. Cohen*—and in Philadelphia under the firm of *J. I. Cohen Jr. & Brothers*, will for the future, be conducted in each place under the firm of

J. I. COHEN, Jr. & BROTHERS.

Baltimore, September 5, 1825.—32–4t

From the National

MILITARY COU

We received by the *Sunday* the 31st July, the per containing (with other to the Treaty question) C interesing letter of the 10 vernor TROUP, communi mation he had obtained i ferences with the Indians Treaty, the result of these adjustment of the treat with the Indians, &c. place this interesting docu readers without delay, w insert it in the next day's to do so it was necessary rangements, and remove ter prepared for the pa morning. Being Sunday not wishing to impose unn our office on that day, and pressed for room, we omitte note of the General's aid-de Editors of the Georgia pa of no importance as an acco the General's own letter, a sider the publication, by interesting information which cated, required any apolog

HEAD QUARTERS, E *Monticello*, Ge

GENTLEMEN: Captain Tripl copy of Major General (late Troup, of the 10th inst. which you to insert in your papers.

The object of giving publi this time, is to counteract certa reports, concerning the adjust culties, calculated to deceive gravate the misfortunes of these ed beings, who evince a disposi destiny, and to comply with the neral Government.

Very respectfully, your obe E. G. W.

Not dreaming, therefore this unimportant omission certainly intending none, whom we have ever entert respect felt for him by all we were not a little surprised ing *order* which we receive day's mail:

MILLEDGEVILLE *Sept*

GENTLEMEN: In publishing Ge of the 10th of July, to the Ge you suppressed the explanatory panied it, and substituted a re You, doubtless, had reasons fo am instructed by the General to ture, when you honor his com place in your paper, you will do self the justice to present them

Very respectfully, your obed E. G. W.

MESSRS. GALES & SEATON, Editors of the Intelligencer

We did publish the Gen cisely as it came to us; but ourselves bound to give com out alteration, whatever officer's official correspon acknowledge any obligation the letters he may write o Although his station and render his official letters, esting to the public, it is eral Gaines to write what of sufficient importance when no inconvenience official papers, like all other present themselves to our make such selections as and our estimate of their scribe to us. In exercising errors of judgment or im sometimes occur, but they cheerfully rectified when p We would do wilful injust and that General Gaines pected us of intending it this instance, we can only heated atmosphere and the pondence in which he has time engaged. He forgot dressing a note to us, and was writing to Governor we are to receive the lec seriously addressed to us, worthy General, that if he tray the same testiness on sions, he will do his cha injury than our omissions letters can possibly inflict suppress every letter that may write.

The election returns in Rhode Island present the sult: For Burgess, 2938 Durfee, 2411; Eddy, 2 scattering, 147. Mr. Burg elected by a handsome m tween the other candidates been made.

We have received the Pro paper to be printed weekly under the title of the "Fra Mechanic's Magazine." It the patronage of the Franklin Pennsylvania, and is to be *Thos. P. Jones*, at present cipals in the Oxford Femal who is appointed Professor the Institute. The object will be to diffuse information ject connected with the u particularly intended for th engaged in Mechanical pu quaintance with the Editor commending his proposed tronage of the public, consi ties and resources are such interesting and valuable.

Subscriptions received b Terms, $3 50 a year paid

Blanks for

SERVER.

AYETTEVILLE:

AY MORNING, SEPT. 22, 1825.

ECTION RETURNS.

el Gibbs, S.; John Pugh and John

en McDaniel, S.; J. N. Smith and L.

than B. Whitfield, S.; James Cox and

er.

an from Orange county inform- days ago, that his crop of cotton eatly injured by the rot, which , for the first time, made its ap- his farm; and that all his efforts the cause, had been unsuccessful. ersing with this gentleman, we n a late paper, an article extract- Louisiana Advertiser, in which serts, with the utmost confidence, mming Bird is the cause of this disease, if we may so term it, of- nt. It would be well for plant- the observation for themselves, bove suggestion prove correct, to devise some means of expelling vous bird from their fields.

e heard that the rot prevails in parts of the State.

tor of the Warrenton N. C. Re- oses to enlarge his paper, on the r, to a Medium size, and to pub- ly, as well as a semi-weekly pa- ice of the former $3, and of the

e Foreign head our readers will test commercial news from Europe; ill regret to see that the most un- sequences are likely to result from eculating mania. It seems that es of eminence had failed, (and it ted that more would follow,) at f which has transacted business in and Savannah, where it is sup- vier losses will be sustained than er places in this country. We un- that the merchants of this town ed but little cotton, consequently not be affected by the state of the markets.

Damage has been "most honorably" of the charges preferred against Lieut. Wolbert; and the charges d "utterly false, groundless, and "

litors of the New York Daily Ad- nd New York American have re- e new Printing Press which they since ordered from England. In- he 300 impressions which we are ake in an hour with the common se Editors will print 2000 papers he time. Of course it will not on- uch labor, but will also enable them ter news. It is made of cast iron, s about two tons.

ported that Gov. Troup has demand- rrest and trial of Gen. Gaines, ac- o the articles of war, which forbid officer to insult the executive of states. The National Journal ap- that there may be some truth in rt. The General is at Augusta,

Raleigh, September 16.

pecial meeting of the Directors of Bank of North Carolina, on Tues- Mr. Samuel H. Pullen, of this city, nimously elected Cashier of the Branch of that Institution, in the Jno. B. Blount, deceased.

OUR INSTITUTIONS.

London Courier of the 22d gives a he intemperate Resolve of the Legis- Georgia on the affairs of the Creeks, June; and adds a number of com- this "menace of the Federal Go- ."

smen" it says, "on both sides of the have never disguised from them- e utter impossibility of the United America continuing under the pre- of government—a form sufficiently pted, perhaps, to the wants of an in- e, but wholly inadequate to those of one."

respect, however, to the violent and resolutions of the State Legis- Georgia, (for they proclaim, that exhausted argument, they will stand arms,") we cannot wish success to ect, which is avowed to be, resist- the General Government, for the maintaining, uncontrolled, the system y which prevails in the Southern "As Athens, as Sparta, as Rome will be; they held slaves—we hold By the same mode of arguing, these Senators might resolve to abjure ity and embrace Paganism. Sorry, should we be to find the General Go- t unable to enforce its decrees against rmous evil. But we anticipate no ult; and the menace of the State Le- of Georgia, on the present occasion, is worthy of notice, only as it shews, by what slender ties the Union is held together, and how immediately any particular State, thwarted in its specific interests by the measures of the General Government, looks to separation as the remedy."

How sadly disappointed "Statesmen on both sides of the Atlantic" must be, in the progress and probable peaceable termination of the Georgia dispute. If they had worked their imaginations up to a belief that there was to be a separation of the States, and consequent prostration of our excellent institutions, and that they might gain some credit to themselves by affecting all along to have foreseen this result, the almost unanimous expression of detestation and abhorrence in which all who have thought of dissolution are held, and the condemnation, even by many of his friends, of the intemperance of Gov. Troup, must be wonderfully flattering to the vanity of these "Politicians." Good may be extracted from all things. Even this gathering cloud, that lately threatened to disturb the propitious calm in which these States are moving on to greatness and to glory, has served to remind us how necessary Union is to the attainment of the desired goal, and to shew with what a unanimous cry the voice of this people, "as the voice of one man," is raised for the perpetuation of that Union. It is perhaps well that these great political questions should occasionally arise, else we should rest too carelessly in the arms of peace and fancied security. We should not duly estimate the brilliance and beneficence of the sun, if he shone unceasingly; but when the clouds and night which occasionally suspend his rays, have passed away, his vivifying influence is felt with new delight.

The second paragraph above affords another evidence of the "astonishing ignorance" of even the most conspicuous politicians of England, of the Constitution of this Republic. "Sorry, indeed, should we be, to see the General Government unable to enforce its decrees against this enormous evil." Sorry, indeed, should *we* be, to see the General Government attempt to legislate at all on this subject. Consequences would ensue that we dare not name, and will not suffer ourselves to contemplate. But we apprehend no such attempt. None but a few hot-headed zealots in our own country, and ignorant politicians abroad, presume to claim such a power for the Gen. Government. There is no idea, we hesitate not to assert, on the authority of the most respectable papers to the north and east, with the great body of the people of the free States, of intermeddling with our rights. They, or at least the sensible part of them, are aware of the delicacy of the subject, and of the impropriety of interfering with it, and will leave it to time, and the convenience of the Southern States, to effect a deliverance from an evil which we ourselves deplore much more than the free States can do; for it is an *actual* evil with us, but to them it is mainly an *imaginary* one.

The Southern States say to the others, and to the General Government, Let us alone, and in due time we will adopt such measures as will rid us of the evil in the way most satisfactory to all concerned. And we have no doubt but that the just demand will still be, as it has heretofore been, listened to with respect, and acquiesced in with readiness.

The London Weekly Messenger, of the 24th July, among other *equally sensible* remarks of the editor, has the following complimentary notice of the Southern States. The editor had just come to the sage conclusion, from the complexion of the accounts from the U. States, that there would be a civil war among us. He says:

"It appears from the same papers that the New England States are peculiarly irritated against the Georgians, and that the Virginians, the Carolinians, and the Georgians, will have to support the contest themselves. We should not be surprized, if in the event some proposal of a re-union should be made to the British government by these southern States. These slave provinces will hesitate at nothing; they have no public virtue, no patriotism; no one strong feeling but covetousness and the grossest sensuality. By all that we have read, there is not a more profligate people in the world than the inhabitants of these southern states."

[How this world is given to lying.]

A report has been current in the city for two or three days, and believed by many, that the *Constellation* brought intelligence from Cuba of the landing of a French force on the eastern shore of that island, near St. Jago, and that the return home of the frigate, with Com. Warrington, is connected with that event. We mention the circumstance to state, that we have taken some pains to ascertain whether there is any truth in the rumour, and are satisfied that it is altogether unfounded.—*Nat. Int.*

A would-be great man.—The following invitation is from the Detroit Gazette:

A Card.—The undersigned being about to set out on a distant journey, will be happy to see his friends and acquaintances of this vicinity, before his departure—Ladies on Tuesday evening, August 30th, 1825, between the hours of seven and nine, at the Sagana Hotel, kept by Jessy Holly; and gentlemen on Wednesday, Aug. 31st, between the hours of half past ten in the forenoon, and half past twelve in the afternoon.

A. B. WOODWARD.

DIED,

In this town, on Monday last, at an advanced age, Mrs. Mary M'Millan.

At Laurel Hill, in Richmond county, on the 13th inst., after a lingering illness, Miss Mary Stalker, daughter of Mr. Duncan Stalker, of that place. She was a young lady of great worth and respectability—her death will long be regretted by her friends and those who are personally acquainted with her.

[*Communicated.*

PORT OF WILMINGTON.

From our correspondent.

ARRIVED,

Schr. Victor, Deverson, Jeremie.

CLEARED,

Brig Baltimore, Small, Havanna,

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 9—Arrived, schr. Horatio, Hubble, 10 days from Wilmington.

Factorage and Commission Business.

THE subscriber tenders his services to his friends and the public in general, as a Factor and Agent for the sale of Cotton, Tobacco, or such other articles of Country Produce as are brought to Fayetteville for Market, and for the purchase of Goods generally

He will invest the proceeds of any sales by him made, without Commission, in Goods of any description that may be ordered, or pay or remit the same as he may be directed, paying the most particular attention to the orders of his employers in that respect.

Having convenient Warehouses for Storage of Produce or Merchandise, he will also receive and ship, or forward any Produce or Goods that may be committed to his charge for either of those purposes.

He promises prompt and strict attention to the orders and interest of his employers, and that his charge for Commission shall be moderate.

JOSEPH BAKER.

Fayetteville, N. C. 14th Sept. 1825.—33-3m

Charleston Fire & Marine Insurance Company.

THE Subscriber is authorised by the Charleston Fire and Marine Insurance Company, to effect Insurance on Property forwarded by Steam and Pole Boats to and from Wilmington.

CHARLES T. HAIGH.

Fayetteville, Sept. 14.—38-3if

PRICES CURRENT.

Corrected weekly, by a Committee of Merchants.

MERCHANDISE.		*Qua'ty rated.*	*From D. C.*	*To. D. C.*
Beef, Fresh in Market	-	lb.	4	5
Beef, Northern	-	bbl.	7 50	8 00
Brandy, Cogniac,	-	gallon.	1 25	1 60
Apple, in dem'd	-	do.	42	45
Peach,	-	do.	50	55
Bacon, - -	-	lb.	6½	7
Beeswax	-	do.	30	32½
Butter, -	-	do	12½	15
Bagging	-	yard,	30	35
Coffee, Prime Green,	-	lb.	20	25
2d & 3d qual.	-	do	18	19
Candles, Mould,	-	do	14	15
Spermaceti,	-	do		34
Cotton, nominal	-	do	14	
Corn, scarce -	-	bushel	70	80
Copperas .	-	lb.	4½	5
Flax -	-	do	15	18
Flaxseed, Rough,	-	bushel	80	85
Flour Sup. scarce	-	barrel.	5	5½
Fine, do.	-	do	4½	5
Fish, Herrings	-	do	4 00	4½
Mullet	-	do	6 00	
Feathers -	-	lb.	35	
Gin, Holland, -	-	gallon,	90	1 25
Country, -	-	do	43	45
Ginger .	-	lb.	6	10
Glass, Amer. 8 by 10	-	50 feet	4 00	5 00
10 by 12	-	do	5 00	6 00
Bottles	-	groce	11	12
Hides, Buenos Ayres,	-	lb.		
West India,	-	do		
Iron, - -	-	100 lb.	5½	6½
Indigo, Bengal	-	lb.	3 50	
Flotant	-	do	3 50	
Lime, - -	-	cask,	2 25	2 50
Lard .	-	lb.	7	8
Leather, Skirting	-	do	30	35
Sole	-	do	28	30
Bridle	-	side	3 00	4 00
Lead, Bar	-	lb.	10	11
Logwood -	-	100 lb.	2 50	3
Molasses, -	-	gallon,	42½	
Nutmegs .	-	lb.	2 50	3 00
Nails, Cut, Assorted	-	do	7	8
Wrought	-	do	18	20
Nankeens, Blue	-	piece,	1 40	
Yellow	-	do	60	65
Shingles	-	1000	1 50	2 00
Oats, .	-	bush	35	40
Oil, Curriers	-	barrel.	18 00	20 00
Linseed	-	gallon.	80	1 00
Pork -	-	barrel.	8 00	9 00
Porter London,	-	dozen,	3 50	
Philadelphia,	-	do	2 50	3 00
Pepper, -	-	lb.	21	22
Pimento, -	-	do	30	
Plaster Paris,	-	ton	7 50	10 00
Powder, Duponts,	-	Keg,	7 50	8
Others,	-	do	5	7 50
Paints, White Lead	-	do	3 50	4 00
Spanish Brown	-	do	2 00	2 80
Yellow Ochre	-	do	2 50	
Rum, Jamaica,	-	gallon,	80	1 00
Wind. Island.	-	do	70	80
New-England,	-	do	42½	45
Rice, - -	-	100 lb.	3 50	4 00
Raisins .	-	box,	2 50	3 50
Rags .	-	lb.	2	6
Shot, - -	-	Bag,		3
Sugar, Mus. Prime,	-	100 lb.	11	12
Common,	-	do	9	10
Loaf, -	-	lb.	20	
Salt, Liverpool,	-	bush.	80	90
Turks Island,	-	do	65	75
St. Ubes, &c.	-	lb.	25	30
Salts, Epsom	-	do	6½	
Glauber	-	do	8	9
Steel, American	-	do	16	18
E. Blistered	-	do	17	18
German	-	do	12	15
Salt-Petre .	-	do	7	7½
Tallow, .	-	do	1 50	1 75
Tea, Imp. and Gunp.	-	do	1 20	1 20
Hyson, -	-	100 lb.	4	5
Tobacco, Leaf,	-	do	5 00	20
Manufactured,	-	box	16 00	18 00
Tin, ½ x	-	lb.	65	
Verdigrs, .	-	bush.	1	1 5
Wheat, -	-	gallon,	32½	35
Whiskey, . -	-	do	2 50	4
Wine, Madeira, L. P.	-	do	1 25	1 50
Sicily Madeira,	-	do	1 25	1 50
Teneriffe,	-	do	2 00	3 25
Port,	-	do	80	
Malaga	-			

Town Militia!

YOU are hereby ordered to attend a muster of the Company at the court house, on Tuesday the 11th October next, at 10 *o'clock A. M.* armed and equipped as directed by law, for the purpose of regimental inspection and review; officers in full winter uniform.

Per order of Jno. Black, Col. commanding 1st regiment Cumberland County Militia.

GURDON DEMING, Capt.
T. C. Militia.

Bank of Cape Fear,

OFFICE AT FAYETTEVILLE, Sept. 14th, 1825.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Monday the 26th day of September, 1825, between the hours of twelve and one o'clock, Eleven Shares of the Capital Stock of the Bank of Cape Fear, will be offered for sale at the Office of Discount and Deposite of said Bank in Fayetteville, by the Cashier thereof, in pursuance of a pledge, made by J. & J. H. Townes & Company, and to satisfy a debt due to the President, Directors and Company, of the Bank of Cape Fear.

33-1t J. W. WRIGHT, Cash'r.

Sealed Proposals

WILL be received until Friday, 7th October next, inclusive, for rebuilding Blount's Creek Bridge, over Mallett's Mill Pond, agreeable to a plan left at Messrs. C. & P. Mallett's office, on Gillespie street, where persons desirous to contract may have such explanations as may regulate them in their bids, and where their proposals may be deposited.

By authority of the Corporation,

P. J. MALLETT,
WM. WADDILL,
Committee.

Fayetteville, Sept. 19, 1825—33-3t

James Kyle

HAS received, by the late arrivals from N. York, a large and general assortment of new and elegant GOODS, among which are,

Rich Shaded and figured Gros de Naples Silks
Do plain do do
Superior black Nankin Crape
Do do Canton do
Nankin and Canton Crape Robes
Mandarin Crapes, black and coloured
An elegant assortment of Ribbons
Merino square and long Shawls, some very superior
Cassimere Shawls and Points
7-8 and 4-4 Irish Linen, in half and whole pieces
Blue and black Cloths and Cassimeres
Superior Shaded Calico, and common do.
Gimps, Frogs and Daisey Buttons
Superior Flag and Bandana Handkerchiefs
3-4 4-4 5-4 & 6-4 bleached & unbleached Domestic
Plaid and Camlet Cloaks, for Ladies and Gentlemen

With many other articles in the DRY GOODS, GROCERY, HARDWARE, & QUEENSWARE line, all of which are offered at unusually low prices, by Wholesale or Retail.

Fayetteville, Sept. 20, 1825—tf

Wholesale & Retail DRUG & MEDICINE STORE,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

AT THE SIGN OF THE MORTAR.

R. T. GOODWIN has just received from New York a large and general supply of Drugs, Medicines, &c. which make his assortment at this time quite complete—among which are the following articles, viz.

Ammonia (Carbonate)	Extract Henbane
Alcohol	- Opium
Aqua Fortis	Elixir Vitriol
Aloes	Epsom Salts
Alkanet	Ergot
Angustura Bark	Fennel Seed
Annatto	Foxglove
Arrow Root	Fowler's Solution
Arsenic	Ginger
Asafœteda	Gamboge
Anise Seed	Gentian
Armenian Bole	Guaicum
Acid of Borax	Gum Arabic
Adhesive Plaster	- Ammoniac
Antimonial Powder	- Shellack
- Wine	- Mastic
Antimony Crude	- Styrax
Borax	- Galbanum
Balsam Copaiva	- Olebanum
- Firr	- Opium
- Peru	- Tragacanth
- Sulph	- Myrrh
- Tolu	- Kino
Burgundy Pitch	- Copal
Benzoin Flowers	- Scammony
do Gum	Hartshorn Shavings
Black Sulphuret Mercury	Hellebore (White)
Castile Soap	- Black
Carolina Pink	Hoffman's Anodyne
Castor Oil	Ipecachuanha
Cochineal	Iron (Carbonate)
Cowhage	Isinglass
Conservo Roses	India Rubber
Crocus Martis	Iceland Moss
Canella Alba	Ivory Black
Castor	Iodine
Carraway Seed	Jalap
Cinchonæ	Juniper Berries
Columbo Root	Lytharge
do in Powder	Lapis Caliminaris
Coriander Seed	Lamp Black
Cantharides	Liver Sulphur
Cinnamon	Lint
Casaacarilla	Mercurial Mass
Crm. Tartar	Magnesia Carbonate
Colocynth	- Calcined
Copperas	Musk
Cassia	Manna
Camphor	Muriatic Acid
Cardamom Seeds Small	Manganese
- - Large	Nitre
Cobalt	Nitrat. Silver
Cloves	- Ammonia
Cubebs	- Mercury Red
Calomel	- - Yellow
Cajeput Oil	Nutgalls
Capsicum	Nux Vomica
Catechu	Nitric Acid
Citric Acid	Nitrous do
Chalk (prepared)	Oil of Almonds
Chammomile Flowers	- Amber
Corrosive Sublimate	- Origanum
Curcuma	- Peppermint
Dovers Powder	- Savin
Dandelion	- Anise
Dragon's Blood	- Juniper
Digitalis	- Lavender
Essence Peppermint	- Rosemary
- Burgamot	- Vitriol
- Lemon	- Sassafras
Emery	- Cloves
Ether Vitriolic	- Olive
Althops Mineral	- Cinnamon
Extract Gentian	- Croton
- Cinchonæ	- Wormseed
- Liquorice	Ointments, Citron
- Cicuta	- Basilicon
Ointments Nitric Acid	Qt. Syringes
- Red Precipitate	Pt do do
- White do	Small com. do male and female
- Cantharides	Tournequets
- Spermaceti	Trusses (common)
Oxyd Bismuth	do Spiral Spring
Orris Root	Flesh Brushes
Phosphat Soda	Tooth do
Potash (carbonate)	Spatulas
Pumice Stone	Surgeon's Needles
Pearl Ashes	Corkscrews
Powdered Bark	Wedgwood's Mortars
- - Red	Marble do
- - Sanford's	Copper & Glass do
Powder of Tin	Graduate Glasses
- - Squills	Glass Tunnels
Plasters, Common	Injecting Pipes
- Mercurial	Galley Pots
- Blistering	Pill Boxes
- Strengthening	Kalaidescopes
- Adhesive	Nipple Shells
Quicksilver	Breast Pipes
Quassia	Sucking Bottles
Quinine Sulphate	Lamp Glasses
Resin	Lip Salve
Rosemary	Tooth Powder
Rhubarb Root	Red Sealing Wax
- - powdered	Black do
Red Saunders	Wafers
Rose water	Reeve's Water Colours
Saffron (English)	Family Medicine Chests
Sago	Tapers
Sal Ammoniac	Court Plaster
Salts, Glauber	Filtering Paper
- Epsom	Bottle and Phial Corks
- Tartar	Porter Bottles
- Steel	Retorts
- Rochelle	Camels Hair and French Chalk Pencils
Soda (carbonate)	Tincture Bottles 4oz to 1 gallon
Sassaparilla	Wide mouth do do
Senna	Vials 2 drams to 16 ounce
Seneka Snake Root	Sup'r Snuffs & Tobacco
Squills	*PATENT MEDICINE.*
Spermaceti	British Oil
Sponge	Haerlem do
Starch	Opodeldoc
Sulphur (roll)	Henry's Magnesia
do Sublimed	Acid Lemon
Super Carbonate Soda	Ess. Peppermint
Spts Sal Ammoniac	Cephalic Snuff
- Hartshorn	Bateman's Drops
- Lavender (comp'd)	Anderson's, Lee's and Hooper's Pills
- Nitre (sweet)	Godfrey's Cordial
Sugar Lead	Soda & Seidlitz Powders
Tonquin Beans	Whitehead's Essence of Mustard
Tartar Emetic	Cologne Water
- Vitriolated	Cheltenhem Salts
Tartaric Acid	Ess. Hemlock
Turner's Cerate	Also a great variety of
Vinegar (distilled)	Powders, Tinctures, &c.
White Vitriol	Red, Black and White Lead
- Wax	Vermilion, Rose Pink
Patent and com'n Turnkeys	King's Patent Chrome and French Yellow,
Tooth Forceps, crooked and straight	Prussian Blue
Spring and Crown Lancets and cases	Indigo, &c. &c.
Gum Lancets	
Catheters, male and female	
Bougies	
Amputating Instruments	

The above articles will be sold low for cash or approved credit. Orders from the country promptly attended to. Prescribed Medicines put up carefully and neatly.

September 21, 1825 33-3t

THE WHOLE TO BE DRAWN
IN ONE DAY,
In the city of Baltimore, on Wednesday,
The 9th November.

COHEN'S OFFICE,—*Baltimore,* September 8th, 1825.

We have the pleasure to announce that the drawing of the

GRAND STATE LOTTERY

OF MARYLAND,

Will take place in the City of BALTIMORE, on Wednesday the 9th of *November*, and will be entirely completed on that day, under the superintendence of the Commissioners, appointed by the GOVERNOR AND COUNCIL.

Highest Prize $30,000.

SCHEME:

1	prize of	$30,000	is	30,000
1	-	10,000	-	10,000
1	-	5,000	-	5,000
10	-	1,000	-	10,000
10	-	500	-	5,000
30	-	100	-	3,000
60	-	50	-	3,000
100	-	20	-	2,000
200	-	10	-	2,000
400	-	5	-	2,000
20,000	-	4	-	80,000
20,813	Prizes			$152,000

40,000 tickets.—Not one blank to a prize.

TO BE DRAWN ON THE

Odd and Even System,

Secured by Letters Patent, under seal of the U. S.

The holder of Two Tickets or Two Shares, will be certain of obtaining at least One Prize, *and may draw THREE!*

The popularity of this Scheme is unrivalled—and in consequence of its Brilliancy and mode of drawing, has caused a continuance of sales the most unprecedented.—Every Prize is payable in CASH, which can be had THE MOMENT THEY ARE DRAWN.

Whole Tickets	$5	Quarters	$1 25
Halves	2 50	Eighths	62

To be had, in the greatest variety of Numbers (Odd and Even) at

Cohen's

LOTTERY AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,
114, Market street, Baltimore.

Where all the Great Capitals were sold in the last Grand State Lottery which was drawn on the 27th July.—viz: the 40,000 Dollars—the 10,000 Dollars—the 5,000 Dollars—(the latter in Shares.) —and where in the late State and other Lotteries, were sold the Great Capitals of 100,000 Dollars—3 of 50,000 Dollars—5 of 40,000 Dollars—5 of 30,000 Dollars—12 of 20,000 Dollars—17 of 10,000 Dollars—31 of 5,000 Dollars, &c.—And WHERE MORE CAPITAL PRIZES HAVE BEEN OBTAINED THAN AT ANY OTHER OFFICE IN AMERICA.

☞ ORDERS from any part of the United States, either by mail (post paid) or private conveyance, enclosing the Cash or Prize Tickets, in any of the Lotteries, will meet the same prompt and punctual attention as if on personal application. *Address to*

J. I. COHEN, Jr. & BROTHERS,
Baltimore.

☞ COHEN'S "*Gazette and Lottery Register,*" which will be published immediately after the drawing, will contain the complete List of Prizes, and will be forwarded *gratis*, to all who purchase their Tickets at COHEN'S OFFICE, and who signify their wish to receive the same.

Baltimore, Sept. 8, 1825.—37-4t

POETRY.

KEEP YOUR TEARS FOR ME.—By Moore.

When 'midst the gay I meet
That gentle smile of thine,
Tho' still on me it turns most sweet,
I scarce can call it mine.
But when to me alone
Your secret tears you show,
O then I feel those tears my own,
And claim them while they flow.
Then still with bright looks bless
The gay, the cold, the free;
Give smiles to those who love you less,
But keep your tears for me.

The snow on Jura's steep
Can smile with many a beam,
Yet still in chains of coldness sleep,
How bright soe'er it seem.
But when some deep-felt ray,
Whose touch is fire, appears,
Oh! then the smile is warm'd away,
And, melting, turns to tears.
Then still with bright looks bless
The gay, the cold, the free;
Give smiles to those who love you less,
But keep your tears for me.

A list of what are called *bad* books is given in a late number of the Paris *Etoile*. It is divided into six tables, and gives the names of all the publishers and editors, the date of each edition, the number of copies and of volumes. Voltaire and Rousseau have the honor to occupy exclusively the first and second tables. The portentous fact is proved by the most unquestionable documents—that there have been published 31,600 copies of Voltaire's works, or 1,598,000 single volumes. Of Rousseau's entire works, there are 24,500 copies, or 480,500 volumes; and of detached (and peculiarly *bad*) pieces of his, there are 35,500 copies, or 81,000 volumes. Table III. comprehends the philosophical writers of the last century—Helvetius, Diderot, Raynal, Saint Lambert, Condorcet, D'Halback, Dupuis, Volney, &c. the various editions of whose writings present a total of 108,700 copies, or 207,900 volumes. The fourth table is appropriated to Pigault Lebrun, the popular novelist, of whose romances and works 32,000 copies or 128,000 volums are reckoned.—*N. Y. E. Post.*

Cotton Saw Gins

JUST received, and for Sale by
DUNCAN THOMPSON.
July 12—23-tf

Fayetteville Academy.

A PRINCIPAL TEACHER is wanted in this institution, well qualified to instruct youths of both sexes in all the branches of an English and Classical Education, and to prepare young men for entrance into the Junior Class of any College in the Union. His moral character, and qualifications for teaching the Greek and Latin Classics, must be undoubted.

It is the design of the Trustees to contract with a Gentleman who will take upon himself the sole management and responsibility of the School, comprehending both departments, Male and Female, supply the same with Teachers of his own choice, and furnish every other necessary; in consideration of which he will be entitled to regulate the price of tuition, and to receive all the emoluments derived from it.

This plan is recommended by the experience, that salary employments do not stimulate to that industry and zeal, which are necessary to the successful progress and reputation of a large School, and has its foundation in that principle of self love, which prompts the exertions most where interest lies, by identifying the interest of the Teacher with the character of the School, thus affording to the public the surest guaranty of having their children faithfully taught.

The Academy lot and buildings are situated in a very pleasant part of the town, on one of the principal streets, and in the neighbourhood of the Episcopal and Presbyterian Churches. The lot is large, and well shaded in the front yard, which communicates with the street over a stile. The main building and wing are three stories high, with a double Portico in front, and is surmounted with a beautiful Belfry—the length and breadth of the main building is about 65 by 45 feet, divided into large apartments, separated by large halls or passages through the centre.

They are sufficiently capacious to accommodate a School of 200 scholars and a family, and the lot is supplied from a Hydrant in the front yard with good and wholesome water.

Few prospects can be more inviting than the present, to a married gentleman with a family, qualified to assist in the School, or capable of taking boarders, (and such a person the Trustees would greatly prefer,) for it combines the advantages of two-fold profits, to be derived from teaching and boarding children from abroad. And when it is known that this Academy is situated in a town with a population of 3600 souls, and that there is no Academy within 60 miles of it, in which the higher branches of learning are taught, the striking advantages of this offer cannot fail to make a strong appeal to the interest and enterprise of the first talents in the country devoted from necessity to the vocations of literature.

The Trustees will lease the buildings, lot, &c. from the first day of January next; (when the present lease expires) for one year; after which they will extend the term to any number of years the contracting parties can agree upon.

Letters, post paid, may be addressed to the subscribers at this place.

LOUIS D. HENRY, } *Committee.*
JNO. W. WRIGHT, }
Fayetteville, August 10, 1825—27-3m

FISH!

130 Barrels Herrings, (Brownrigg's brand,) just received, and for sale, by
M'NEILL & KIRKLAND.
*August 4—74**

Charles Stuart

HAS just received, from New York and Philadelphia, and is now opening, an extensive Assortment of

DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, SHOES, &c.

Suitable for the Season. Also,

A General Assortment of Crockery, Plain and Cut Glass, and China Ware.

His assortment of GROCERIES is now complete, and Liquors warranted pure and unadulterated.

Rowland's Mill and Cross cut Saws, Dupont's Powder, and a few bbls. of Ale of a superior quality.
Fayetteville, May 16, 1825—15-tf

Just received and for sale, several neat, light, northern built GIGS.

ALSO,

Wood's PATENT PLOUGHS, different sizes, with extra castings.

C. & P. MALLETT.
June, 1824.—67tf

Port Wine,

10 Doz. Superior Quality, (warranted genuine)
M'NEILL & KIRKLAND.
April 20, 1825 —11-tf

JOHN M'ARN,

RESPECTFULLY informs his customers and the public, that he is now receiving a handsome supply of

SEASONABLE GOODS

And Newest Fashions,

Which have been bought in New York, principally at Auction, great care having been taken to purchase them as low as they could possibly be bought in the City, and as they will be sold for Cash only, they may be expected at unusually cheap prices, wholesale or retail.—They consist as follows, viz:

Super. Black, Blue, Olive, Claret and Drab Cloths
Sattinets, Denmark Satteens
Bangup Cords, Silk Stripe Florentines
Plain, twilled, and figured Bombazettes
Wellington Stripes, Cotton Florentine
Caroline Plaids, Flannels
Linens, a variety, in whole and half pieces
White Drillings, Nankeens,
Bleached and Unbleached Cotton Shirtings and Sheetings
American blue plaid Ginghams
India Custahs
Table, bird eye and Russia Diaper
Thread Cambrics and Long Lawns
Thread Laces, furniture Fringe
Fancy Cambric and Muslin Prints, a variety
Plain and figured Jaconet Cambries and Muslins
Plain and figured Swiss Muslins,
Superb Swiss Muslin Cravats
Rich Swiss Muslin half Handkerchiefs and Caps
Swiss Bands and Tippets
Book and Mull Muslins
Victory White Robes
3-4 and 5-4 super. Cambric Dimity
Inserting and Merino Trimmings
Ladies' Cotton Hose, Men's half do
Clark, Spool, Floss and Sewing Cotton
Darning Cotton and Cotton Balls
Russia Duck, brown and black Linen
Super. 3-4 and 4-4 Furniture Chints
12-4 Marseilles Quilts
Superior Linen and Cotton Bed Tick
Cotton Umbrellas,
Colored Cambrics, a variety
White and Green Gauze Veils
Rich Lace Shawls, Crape Handkerchiefs
Black Silk Velvet
Black and White Italian Crape
Rich trimmed Gauze Robes
Green Florence and Levantine
Ladies' stout embroidered Silk Hose
Do plain and ribbed, black and white do
Black and White Silk Gloves
Ladies' Kid Gloves, Men's Horse Skin do
Silks, Mandarin Crape Robes, fancy colors
Black Canton Crapes
Black Satins and Sarsnetts
White Crape Liece and figured Silk Lace
Rich black, white, brown, pink and lead colored figured Silks
Rich Silk Handkerchiefs, fancy colors
Fashionable Gauze and Zelia Handkerchiefs
Choppa Romall Handkerchiefs
Rich Satin & Gimp Trimmings & Cords, a variety
Ribbons, a variety, richest kind, & newest style
Men's and Ladies' Umbrellas and Parasols
Ladies' and Misses Bolivar Leghorn Hats, by the Case, or otherwise
Straw Flats, Bandboxes and Reaths
Fancy House Paper
Do Rich do for Screens
Men's fashionable Black Hats
Do do Drab do
Do do Seal Drab do
Servants' Glazed Hats
Fashionable Morocco and Prunel Shoes
Ladies' Fancy Work Boxes
Indelible Ink and Ink Powder
Scissors, Pins and Needles
Coat and Pearl Buttons
Phosphorus Pocket Lights
Shell, Side and Tuck Combs
Imitation do do do
Toilet and Dressing Glasses
Pillar do
Lead Pencils and Pencil Cases
Chimney Ornaments
Transparent and Windsor Soap
Cotton Galloons and Quality Binding
Fancy Necklaces, &c. &c. &c.
Fayetteville, May 3, 1825.—13-tf

100 Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, living in Putnam county, Geo. on the night of the 24th inst. five Negro fellows, to wit:

POMPEY, about five feet ten inches high, black, well made and carries himself very steady, about thirty-five or forty years of age, no mark recollected.

HAMPTON, about five feet ten inches high, black, well made, aged twenty-five or thirty years, has rather an ill look, shows the white of his eye when looking at a person, no mark recollected.

ABRAHAM, a well made fellow, very black, and rather a smooth face, has a good countenance, some of his fingers on one of his hands a little drawn from a burn, (I believe his right hand,) aged about twenty-one years, about five feet ten or eleven inches high.

CHARLES, a well made fellow, about five feet ten inches high, a good countenance and black complexion; about twenty-one years of age, no mark recollected. The above four negroes I bought of John Martin, of Jones county in April last, who brought them from the City of Washington and Maryland.

JOHN, a slim well made fellow, about six feet high, has very pleasant countenance, yellow complected, aged about twenty-two years; no mark recollected. I bought him from Messrs. Lewis & Townsend, in February last. John came from Maryland, I believe.

Any person delivering the above said negroes to me, shall receive the above reward, if taken out of the state, or fifty dollars if taken and lodged in a safe jail, and giving me immediate information so that I can get them, or in proportion for any one of them.

VIRGIL H. WALKER.
July 30, 1825—27-9t

Cheap Cash Store.

THE subscriber has received by the late arrivals from New York and Philadelphia, a large addition to his former stock, among which are:

Spendlove & Co.'s superior Beaver Hats, black, drab, and white
Swing and other Looking Glasses, well assorted
3, 3¾, and 4 Point Blankets
4-4 and 6-4 Cambric, well assorted
7-8 and 4-4 Irish Linen, *very cheap*
Steam Loom Shirting
Swiss, Jaconet, and mull mull Muslins
Superior figured Muslin and French Calico
Bombazetts, plain and figured, well assorted
Domestic Goods of all kinds, from 3-4 to 6-4, bleached and unbleached

Together with an assortment of Hardware, Queensware, and Groceries

All of which will be sold by wholesale and retail, at considerably less than the usual prices in this place.
JAMES KYLE.
Fayetteville, February 22, 1825—3-tf
N. B. Goods will be received by every arrival from New York.

Blanks for sale.

Horne's Introduction.

GENTLEMEN desirous of possessing this valuable work at the subscription price, $12, are advised that a call at this office within a few days will ensure it to them; but, as it will no doubt be published very soon, they will be unable to obtain it for less than $16, if they neglect to subscribe.
July 5, 1825.

Tumblers and Decanters.

THE subscribers are appointed agents to the South Boston South Glass Works. Have now in store a general assortment of plain and figured half pint and gin Tumblers, plain, ring neck, and figured pint and quart Decanters, plain and figured pint and half pint Ticklers, for sale by
WILLKINGS & CO.
February 24—3-tf

A Tobacco Factory for sale.

THAT valuable Factory and Lot of Ground, situated at Lower Fayetteville, contiguous to the Tobacco Warehouses, holding out a very advantageous and lucrative employment for a person acquainted with manufacturing Tobacco—the buildings are spacious and convenient, with Screws, &c. forming an L, each wing fifty feet long and forty wide, with convenient rooms for storing the Tobacco. This valuable Factory is offered upon very moderate terms, and on a long credit—For further particulars apply at the Auction Store of
WILLKINGS & CO. or
J. M. DOBBIN and
WM. CAMERON.
May 18, 1825—15-tf.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

Cumberland Superior Court of Law.—Spring Term, 1825.

Susan King, vs. James R. King. } Petition for Divorce.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendant James R. King, is not an inhabitant of this state, so that the ordinary process of law can be served on him;—*Therefore, it is ordered by the Court*, That publication be made for three months in the Carolina Observer, and Fayetteville Sentinel, that unless the said defendant appear at the next court, to be holden for the county of Cumberland, at the court house in Fayetteville, on the 7th Monday after the 4th Monday of September, 1825, to plead, answer, or demur, the said petition will be taken pro confesso and heard exparte.
Test, JOHN W. WRIGHT.
August 13, 1825—28-3m

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

ANSON COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, July Term, 1825.

Hezekiah Hough vs. John T. Scott, } Original attachment, levied on 1 Dearborn wagon and harness, and one bedstead, as the property of the defendant.

IT having been made appear to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendant resides beyond the limits of the State: *It is therefore ordered, by the court*, That advertisement be made in the Fayetteville "Carolina Observer," for three months, that unless the defendant come forward on or before the next term of this court, to be held for the county of Anson, at the court house in Wadesborough, on the 2nd Monday in October next, and replevy and plead, that the property levied upon shall be condemned to plaintiff's recovery.
W. DISMUKES, *Clk.*

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

BLADEN COUNTY.

Superior Court of Law.—Spring Term, 1825.

Unity Jones *vs.* John Jones, Jesse Jones, Jonas Jones, Jonathan Deal and wife Anna, Jordan Moore and wife Avey, and as guardian of Jesse Grimsley and John Grimsley, minor children of Patty Grimsley, formerly Jones, James Butts and his wife Charity, and Alfred Busby and wife Nancy.

Petition for dower in the real estate of Sylvanus Jones.

IT appearing to the court, that Alfred Busby, and his wife Nancy, are not inhabitants of this State: *Ordered*, That publication be made in the "Fayetteville Observer" for three months, that unless cause to the contrary be shewn at the next Term of said court, to be held for said county, at the Court House, in Elizabethtown, on the second Monday after the fourth Monday in September next, the prayer of the petitioner will be granted, and a writ of dower be ordered to issue accordingly.
(From the Minutes.)
27 THO. BROWN, Clk.

Wholesale & Retail DRUG & MEDICINE STORE,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

AT THE SIGN OF THE MORTAR.

R. T. GOODWIN has purchased from W. H. Maffett & Co. their Stock of DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c. and taken the Store formerly occupied by them on Hay Street.—In addition to their Stock he has just received from New York a fresh supply; and intends to keep always on hand a general assortment, which he will sell on reasonable terms. Orders from the country promptly attended to. Prescribed Medicines put up carefully and neatly.
Fayetteville, July 5, 1825—22-tf

C. J. TOOKER,

CABINET MAKER.

BEGS leave to inform his friends, and the public in general, that having finished the furniture of the State House in Raleigh, he has returned to Fayetteville, at his old stand, where he is ready to furnish all kinds of furniture in his line of Cabinet and Chair making, at the shortest notice, with neatness and dispatch, at less prices than can be purchased elsewhere, for cash or barter.

N. B. All kinds of repairing done in the above line, at the shortest notice.
Fayetteville, Dec. 16—39-tf.

Blanks, of all kinds,
May be procured at this Office,
And at the Post Office.

NEW BOOK STORE.

WM. E. TROY respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has just opened an excellent assortment of valuable

BOOKS AND STATIONARY,

lately purchased by himself in New York, which he will sell low for cash.

He has located himself, for the present, in a part of Mr. William Locke's Store, on Person street, about 200 yards east of the Town House, where he solicits the patronage of the public.

Among his stock are the following, in addition to which he expects soon to receive a larger supply, and will procure regularly and quickly from New York all new publications.

Armstrong on Typhus Fever
Thomas's Practice. Bell's Anatomy, 3 vols.
Do Domestic Medicine
Ewell's Medical Companion
Hooper's Medical Dictionary
Walker's Dictionary. Webster's Spelling books
Columbian Orator. Goldsmith's England
Cumming's Geography & Atlas. Morse's do do
Pike's Arithmetic. Daboll's do
Gibson's Surveying. Bonnycastle's Algebra
Murray's English Reader. Do Exercise
Do Grammar. Do Key. Do Sequel
Goldsmith's Rome. Do Greece
Conversations on Chemistry. Do on Philosophy
Popular Lessons. Cowper's Task.
Brief Remarker. Nursery Morals
Ainsworth's Latin Dictionary
Græcæ Majora. Shrevelli Lexicon
Valpa's Greek Grammar. Greek Testament
Leusden's Greek and Latin Testaments
Græcæ Minora. Clark's Corderia
Adams's Latin Grammar, simplified
Clark's Cæsar. Viri Romæ
Historiæ Sacræ. Wilson's Sallust
Smart's Horace, 2 vol. Davidson's Virgil
Cicero Delphini. Horace do. Virgil do
Confession of Faith. Blair's Sermons
Life of Rev. Doct. Scott. Cases of Conscience
Kean's Vindication of Methodism. Irving's Orations
Buck's Theological Dictionary
Horne on the Psalms, calf gilt
Scott's Theological Works, 6 vols.
Pilgrim's Progress. Life of Mrs. Graham
Bunyan's Holy War. Family Bibles
Pocket and School Bibles. Octavo do
Common Prayer, in plain and elegant binding
Hume, Bissett, and Smollett's England
Memoirs of the Court of Queen Elizabeth
Shakespeare, 6 vols. morocco gilt
Riley's Narrative. Zimmerman on Solitude
Vicar of Wakefield. Butler's Hudibras
Milton's Paradise Lost. Goldsmith's Works
Locke and Bacon's Essays
Wreath, a collection of Poems. Youth's Library
Burns' Works, complete. Cook's Voyages
Devil upon two Sticks. Economy of Human Life
Perigrine Pickle. Thaddeus of Warsaw
The Lady of the Manor, being a series of Conversations on the subject of Confirmation, by Mrs. Sherwood
Female Quixotism, or the Extravagant Adventures of Darcasina Sheldon, 2 vols.
English Life, in 4 Pictures, 2 vols.
Rothelan, a Romance, 2 vols.
Sayings and Doings, second series
Refugee, 2 vols. A few days in Athens
Owen's new view of Society.

Together with a great variety of CHILDREN'S TOY BOOKS.

Cap, Folio post, Drawing, Letter, Wrapping, and blue Medium PAPER
Lead Pencils, Rogers's Pen-Knives, Pencil Cases, Inkstands, Wafers and boxes.
Fayetteville, June 29, 1825.—21-tf

Drafts at sight, on Baltimore, Philadelphia and New-York,

in sums to suit purchasers, for sale, and South-Carolina and Georgia money, purchased by
O. P. STARK.
April 19.—12tf

New Goods.

THE SUBSCRIBER is now receiving from New York and Philadelphia, by the brig North Carolina and schooner Industry, a large and extensive assortment of SPRING GOODS, together with an assortment of Groceries, Earthenware, &c.—All of which he offers for sale on more reasonable terms than usual—Country merchants and others, would do well to call and examine for themselves.

Consisting in part, as follows:

Superfine blue and black Cloths
do do Cassimeres
Fancy rib and stripe do
Marseilles Vestings—Black figured silk do
Men's Cravats—Muslin Robes, assorted
London prints, a new article
Colored striped muslins, latest fashions
4-4 and 6-4 plaids and striped Gingham
Black and light colored Canton Crapes
do do Nankeen do
do do Mandarin do
Crape robes, assorted colors
4-4, 6-4 and 8-4 Crape Shawls
A large assortment of Thread Laces
Gros de Naples Silks, assorted colors,
Black figured Silks
Fancy Silk Handkerchiefs, newest fashion
Zelia and Gause do do
Ladies' black and white Silk Hose
do do Cotton do
do do Thread do
Ladies' and gentlemen's Silk Gloves
Tortoise shell, tuck and side Combs,
Leghorn and straw Bonnets
Cambrick and book Muslins
Irish Linens, a good assortment
Brown Durham Sheetings
Bleached Lancaster do
Brown Ipswich do
3-4, 4-4 and 5-4 Checks
Green Coffee, by the bag
A good supply of Brown Sugars
Loaf and Lump do.

JAMES KYLE.
Fayetteville, march 29—8-tf

Milton Masonic Lottery.

Authorised by Special Act of Assembly for the benefit of Golden Fleece Lodge, No. 74, N. Carolina.

SCHEME.

1	Prize of	$ 3,000	$ 3,000
1		2,000	2,000
2		1,000	2,000
5		500	2,500
10		100	1,000
20		50	1,000
100		10	1,000
1,500		5	7,500
1,639	Prizes,		$ 20,000
2,361	Blanks,		
4,000	Tickets	at $5	20,000

Drawing to commence in Milton, as soon as a sufficient number of Tickets shall have been sold—Superintended by the following Managers:

Alexander Henderson,
James Rainey,
Archimedes Donoho,
John R. Clark,
Thomas L. Stevens,
Samuel Watkins,

*** Tickets for sale at the POST OFFICE, Fayetteville, where Lottery information generally may be had gratis.
March 31—8

Molasses, Sugar,

Just received by Steam boat North

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES

40 Casks Stone Lime,
20 Barrels Apple Brandy,
10 hhds. Brown Sugar,
20 do. Molasses,
2 pipes Holland Gin,
5 barrels Mackerel,
10 do. Superior Ale,
2 do. Lime Juice,
10 do. Superior Cider,
India Matting,
Gilt Setting Chairs,

For Sale by
June 15—19-tf WILLKINGS & CO.

Labourers Wanted.

On the CAPE FEAR RIVER, between FAYETTEVILLE AND WILMINGTON.

IT is my intention to recommence the improvement of the Cape Fear River between Fayetteville and Wilmington, as soon as the season will admit.

Any number of laborers who choose, will find immediate employment.

Owners of Negroes will do well to embrace the opportunity of engaging them in a work where wages are liberal and promptly paid, and where the are wholesome and abundant and the negroes will be paid to their cleanliness and good conduct.
HAMILTON FOX.
March 9—tf.

Notice is hereby Given

THAT on the first day of October next the principal of the six per cent Stock of the United States, created under the authority of an Act of Congress entitled "An Act authorising a loan not exceeding Eleven Millions of dollars," approved on the 14th March, 1812, together with the interest then due thereon, will be paid to the proprietors of said Stock or to their Attorneys duly authorised, at the Treasury of the United States in Washington, and at the several Loan Offices. Books of which any portion of said Stock is transferred.

A surrender of the Certificate will be required at the time of payment, and the interest on the same will cease and determine from and after the last day of September.

SAMUEL L. SOUTHARD,
Acting Secretary of the Treasury.
May 11, 1825.—14-t830.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
March 14, 1825.

WHEREAS, on the 3d of March a law was passed by the Congress of the United States, of which the 3d, 4th and 5th sections are in the words following, viz:

"Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the subscription to the amount of twelve millions of dollars, of the six per cent. stock of the loan of one hundred and thirteen, be, and the same is hereby proposed; for which purpose books shall be opened at the Treasury of the United States, and at the several loan offices, on the first day of April next, to continue open until the first day of October thereafter, for such parts of the above described stock as shall, on the day of subscription, stand on the books of the Treasury, or those of the several loan offices, respectively, and subscription shall be effected by a transfer to the United States, in the manner provided by law for transfers, of the credit or credits standing on said books, and by a surrender of the certificates of the stock so subscribed: Provided, That no subscription by such transfer of stock shall be considered as part of the said twelve millions authorized to be borrowed by the first section of this act.

"Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the whole or any part of any sum which shall be subscribed, credits shall be entered to the respective subscribers, who shall be entitled to certificates purporting that the United States owe to the holder or holders thereof, or their assigns, a sum to be expressed therein, equal to the amount of the principal stock thereby created, bearing an interest not exceeding six per centum per annum, payable quarterly, on the thirty first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and twenty five; transferable in the same manner as is provided by law for the transfer of the stock subscribed, and subject to redemption at the pleasure of the United States at any time after the thirty first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and twenty five, and the remainder at any time after the first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and twenty nine: Provided, That no certificate shall be made except for the whole amount of any new certificate; nor until after at least one month public notice of such intended reimbursement; and it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to cause to be retransferred to the respective subscribers the several sums by them subscribed, beyond the amount of the certificates of the six per cent. stock issued to them respectively.

"Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the funds which have heretofore been, and which may hereafter be pledged by law for the payment of the interest and for the redemption and reimbursement of the principal of which may be redeemed or reimbursed in pursuance of the provisions of this act, shall remain pledged in like manner for the payment of the interest accruing on the stock created by reason of such subscription, and for the redemption or reimbursement of the principal of the same. And it shall be the duty of the commissioners of the sinking fund to cause to be applied and paid, out of the funds aforesaid, yearly and every year, such sum and sums as shall be annually required to discharge the interest accruing on the stock which may be created by virtue of this act. The said Commissioners are hereby authorized to apply, from time to time, such sum and sums out of the said fund, as they may deem proper, towards redeeming, by purchase or reimbursement, in conformity with the provisions of this act, the principal of the said stock, or any part of the annual sum of ten millions of dollars pledged by law in the said commissioners, as may be necessary and required for the above purposes, to be and continue appropriated to the payment of interest and redemption of the public debt, until the whole of the stock which may be created by virtue of the provisions of this act, shall have been redeemed or reimbursed."

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that books will be opened at the Treasury of the United States, and at the several Loan offices, on the first day of April next, to continue open until the first day of October thereafter, for receiving subscriptions in conformity with the provisions of the above recited law.

The subscriptions may be made by the proprietors of the stock, either in person or by their Attorneys duly authorised, to subscribe and transfer it to the United States.

Should subscriptions of said stock be made to an amount exceeding twelve millions of dollars, a distribution of the sum of twelve millions will be made among the subscribers, in proportion to the sums subscribed by them respectively.

SAMUEL L. SOUTHARD,
Acting Secretary of the Treasury.
Dec 16—8-t30S

Blanks for sale here,
And Printing, generally, exe